KOREAN TERMINOLOGY

We use the Korean language to reinforce our respect for the tradition of Hapkido. You will hear many of these words in class and slowly become more familiar of their meaning.

Basic Kicks (Chagi)	
Ap Chagi	Front Kick
Murrup chagi	Knee kick
Yup chagi	Side kick
Tollyo chagi	Round house kick
Twee Gung chi Frigi	Heel Kick
Anuro Frigi	Inside crescent kick
Pakkuro Frigi	Outside crescent kick
Dwidora Chagi	Spin Back Kick

Frigi To kick in a crescent

or circular way

Dwidora frigi Spin kick
Anja dwidora frigi Sitting spin kick

Miscellaneous

Do jang Training area, school
Do bok Uniform
Kihap Yell, coordinate
(Hap) your inner

(Hap) your inner power (Ki) with your physical action by yelling from your abdomen.

Tan Jon Area 3" below the navel (abdomen)

Tanjon hohup Abdomen breathing

Kibon dong jak Basic movement

Hyung Forms

Yebi Dae Ryan Preliminary Sparring

Daeryan Sparring
Soo Techniques
Chumuk Cheegi Single Punches
Tuk soo son jill Special hand
techniques

Kup Class of belt below

black belt

Dan Degree black belt

Numbers

hana
 tul
 set
 net
 tasot
 yosot
 ilgop
 yodol
 ahop
 yol

Commands

Cha ryot Attention
Kyung nye Bow / Salute
Chun bee Ready position

Si jak Begin

Baro Return to ready

Shoor Relax

Black belts are referred to as Mr. or Ms. and their last name. More senior black belts also hold the following rank:

- 2nd dan = Assistant Instructor = Josaboumnim
- 3rd dan = Deputy Instructor = Boosaboumnim
- 4th dan = Internationally recognised instructor level = Saboumnim (pronounced sob bum nim). Saboumnim means 'teacher'. To differentiate between one instructor and another, use the last name, for example: Jones Saboumnim.
- 5th dan = Junior Master. Has authority to grade students.
- 6th dan (and above) = Independent
 Master = Kwanjangnim (pronounced kwan jahng nim). Kwan-jang-nim means
 'school owner'. Our school/style is 'Wol Ge Kwan'.